

Breastfeeding 201: Building on the Basics

Agenda:

In-person:	
8:00 – 8:30	Registration
8:30 – 8:45	Introductions
8:45 – 9:15	Setting the Stage: Breastfeeding in Kansas & Review of Breastfeeding Basics (30 mins.)
9:15 – 10:15	Identifying & Addressing Common Breastfeeding Hurdles (60 mins)
10:15 - 10:30	BREAK
10:30 – 12:00	Slow Growth and Supplementation (90 mins.)
12:00 – 1:00	LUNCH
1:00 – 1:30	Hot Topic: Tongue- tie (30 mins)
1:30 - 2:00	Transitioning Home: Preterm & Early Term Infant (30 mins.)
2:00 – 3:00	Milk Expression (60 mins.)
3:00 - 3:15	BREAK
3:15 – 4:15	Maternal Medications, Drugs and Herbs (60 mins)
4:15 – 4:45	Weaning: It's More Than Milk (30 mins)
Online:	
Day 1:	
1:00 – 1:15	Introductions
1:15 – 1:45	Setting the Stage: Breastfeeding in KS & Review of Breastfeeding Basics (30 mins.)
1:45 – 2:45	Identifying & Addressing Common Breastfeeding Hurdles (60 mins)
2:45 – 3:00	BREAK
3:00 – 4:30	Slow Growth and Supplementation (90 mins.)
Day 2:	
1:00 – 1:30	Hot Topic: Tongue- tie(30 mins)
1:30 – 1:30	Transitioning Home: Preterm & Early Term Infant (30 mins.)
2:00 – 2:15	BREAK
2:15 – 3:15	Milk Expression (60 mins.)
3:15 – 3:30	BREAK
3:30 – 4:30	Maternal Medications, Drugs and Herbs (60 mins)
4:30 – 5:00	Weaning: It's More Than Milk (30 mins)
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Outline & Objectives:

	Session		Objectives	Time
Setting the	Stage: Breastfeeding in Kansas & Review of Breastfeeding Basics	•	Identify 3 signs of adequate breastmilk	30 minutes
 Kansas 	Breastfeeding rates – 10 mins.		intake.	
0	Compared to US & HP 2030	•	Distinguish 4 differences between a good	
0	By Race/ethnicity		latch and a poor latch.	
0	By county			
0	Why to keep in mind & how to address it in your practice (keep			
	front of mind)			
 Breastf 	eeding Basics review - 20 mins.			
0	How milk is made			
0	Signs of adequate intake			
0	Tips for a good latch			
Identifying	& Addressing Common Breastfeeding Hurdles	•	Name 4 possible causes of delayed	60 minutes
• Engorg	ement management and breast massage		lactation.	
• Sore ni	pples	•	Demonstrate how to how to hand express	
0	Management of early cracked nipples		breastmilk.	
0	Determining healing plan/ deep would care	•	Create a plan for healing cracked nipples.	
Delayer	d lactation			
0	Possible causes – induction, bleeding, PCOS, Cesarean, obesity,			
	diabetes			
0	"Bridge" strategies –			
	 Pumping or hand expression (more in Milk Expression) 			
	 Strategic use of supplements 			
• Jaundio	re			
0	Sleepy baby leading to inadequate intake			
0	Late preterm is especially at risk			
Reflux vs spitting up				
0	How to differentiate between projectile vomiting and a "happy			
	spitter"			
0	Weight gain/loss			

 When to refer to physician Frequent feedings Cluster feedings vs sign of inadequate intake Growth spurts Possible limited milk supply after previous breast surgery 		
 Amount of milk produced depends on the type of surgery Monitor baby's weight closely for the first several weeks Success in combination feedings 		
Slow Growth and Supplementation Assessment of growth WHO growth charts Milk supply vs transfer issue Test weights – take holistically Value: Objective information to help parents/providers understand full picture, identify the "great pretender," direction to focus on Problems: Not using sensitive enough scales, results are from a moment in time, giving too much weight to results, false reassurance, discouragement Initial Newborn Weight Loss Indications for Supplementation ABM Protocol #3	 Compare and contrast the use of these supplemental feeding devices: Cup/finger/spoon/bottle. Summarize the purpose of paced bottle feeding for both breastfed and formula fed infants. Propose 2 situations in which test weights would be beneficial to assess infant growth. 	90 minutes
 AAP algorithm Hierarchy of supplements (mother's own milk first) SNS - show Indications How to use Cup feeding, finger feeding, spoon feeding -show devises Indications How to use Paced bottle feeding Indications Video 		

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How much to supplement			
How to stop supplementing			
Nipple shield - show			
 Indications for use 			
o Fit to the baby			
 Pumping to assure milk supply 			
Video on how to address milk supply issues with older baby			
o Birth control			
o Back to work			
o Pregnancy			
 Mother's recent illness 			
******COUNSELING SCENARIOS: IF baby is not gaining weight, is it milk supply			
or transfer<<< Critical thinking (determining what is going on) and			
counseling skills: What do you tell a mom who transferred nothing during a			
test weight? Critical thinking skills – milk supply issue v. transfer issue, when to			
refer, follow-up and close monitoring by health care team/LC			
*******COUNSELING SCENARIOS: How to empower parents to speak up to			
health care providers who may not have the latest info.			
Hot Topic: Tongue- tie	•	Recall three common symptoms of a	30 minutes
Who can diagnose tongue-tie (and who can't)		tongue-tied infant.	
What we know	•	Describe key elements of a report to a	
O Common symptoms		health care provider when a tongue tie is	
Consider form and function both		suspected	
Need for lactation support after release			
What we don't know His 8 hyperstries			
 Lip & buccal ties Lip ties are normal 			
Lip ties are normalNo agreement on buccal ties			
Form and function video			
Working as part of a team			
Always include the baby's health care provider			
Be an advocate			
NOT a photo diagnosis			
o 1101 a prioto diagnosis			

 Avoid ultimatums or dire predictions - not evidence-based (i.e. you must get this done or baby will suffer from migraines, TMJ, etc., all his life) Pain control post-procedure Provider Payment – physicians, dentists Supportive care when not revised (maximize milk supply; nipple shield, positioning) 		
ped says it's not tongue tie; mom comes back to you what do you say? ***		
Transitioning Home: Preterm & Early Term Infant Early Term Infant (37 to 38 6/7 weeks) Immature Less likely to give feeding cues Sleepy Jaundiced Preterm Infant Impact of prematurity on breastfeeding and overall infant health Counseling on importance of breastmilk Counseling on milk supply and pumping while separated from baby (NICU) Transitioning from the NICU environment	 Summarize breastfeeding challenges of an early term infant. Compare the benefits of breastmilk vs formula for the NICU baby. 	30 minutes
*****Counseling scenario Early term baby - "I have the best baby she slept 12 hours last night," jaundiced; lethargic. Words matter Starving is not a helpful term		
Milk Expression Hand ExpressionVideo Pumping: Getting a breast pump Choosing the type – manual, silicone, electric, wearable - show KS specific insurance info KanCare steps with different providers	 Create sample pumping plans for those stimulating production; for those exclusively pumping and for those who just need an occasional bottle. Recall 3 techniques to optimizing milk collection. 	60 minutes

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 Private insurance steps – varies by company 		
 WIC pumps, availability varies by agency 		
 The Art of Flange fitting (video & demo of flanges) 		
Sizing to nipple size, not breast size		
Signs the flange is too big		
 Red ring on areola after pumping 		
 Lots of areola pulled into flange 		
Signs the flange is too small		
 Sides of nipples rubbing on flange – color 		
change to white		
Soreness, skin breakdown		
Flange sizes		
 24 and 27mm most common 		
 21, 30 and 36mm also available in Medela 		
Brands vary in available sizes		
 Operating and cleaning a breast pump – CDC handout 		
o When to pump		
 Hands on pumping 		
 Using and storing expressed breastmilk – ABM protocol 		
Pumping Tips for optimizing milk collection (KBC webpage)		
Exclusive Pumping		
 Reasons why some mothers choose 		
 Impact on infant – microbiome, breast milk 		
 Impact on mother – pros and cons (supply, time, etc.) 		
Combination feedings – defining your own success		
******COUNSELING SCENARIO – Mother asks you: What pump should I get?		
Maternal Medications, Drugs and Herbs	Illustrate 3 of the 5 factors that affect the	60 minutes
Basic pharmacology of medications and mothers' milk	transfer of medication into milk.	
Resources for information on meds during breastfeeding	Identify 3 evidence-based research	
 Online resources 	resources to identify safety considerations for maternal medications, drugs and herbs	
o Local pharmacy		
 Books for health care providers 	during lactation.	
 KBC algorithm 		

Birth Control overview		
 Breastfeeding with different types of birth control 		
 LARC – IUDs and implant 		
Pills		
 Depo – Controversial very early postpartum: lactation 		
community concerns are not supported by research		
finding; anecdotal evidence only		
 Considerations when milk supply is not abundant 		
Antidepressants overview		
 Postpartum depression and psychosis 		
 Types of antidepressants during lactation 		
Illicit Drugs		
 Methadone 		
 Marijuana and CBD oil – KBC marijuana and your baby handout 		
from Laurel Wilson and KDHE		
 Other drugs of abuse 		
Herbal use during breastfeeding		
 Unregulated 		
 Teas/cookies/galactagogues – not supported by ABM/Hale 		
Weaning: It's More Than Milk	List and solve three common concerns	30 minutes
Weaning styles (baby-led, parent-led, Include LLL handout on 6 Ds of	parents have with tandem nursing.	
Weaning)	Restate AAP & WHO breastfeeding length	
Helping parents to process grief from earlier-than-planned weaning –	recommendations.	
when breastfeeding was not successful		
Nursing while pregnant		
Tandem nursing (give more ideas and thoughts around this)		
The Goal: Full-term nursing (past 1 year)		
		390
TOTAL TIME		minutes
		6.5 hours