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IDENTIFYING CARE GAPS:

Conducting Community Assessments to Improve the Chest/Breastfeeding Landscape in Historically Oppressed Communities

Report submitted to NACCHO by Lactancia Latina En El Suroeste de Kansas (Latina Lactation of Southwest Kansas) and the Kansas Breastfeeding Coalition

December 2021

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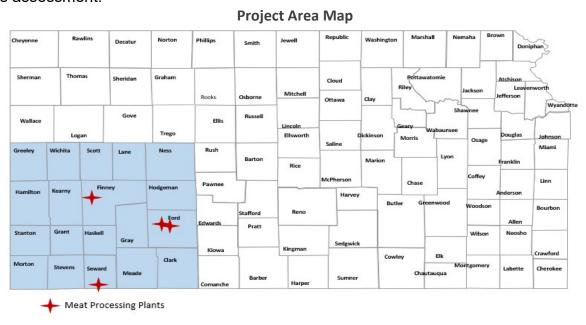
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Overview

This project seeks to identify and address inequities in chest/breastfeeding throughout Southwest Kansas (SW KS). SW KS has a rural population of 134,570 individuals, averaging 11.3 people per square mile. It has a high poverty rate of 14.2% compared to the state average of 11.2%. This region has a high fertility rate of 9.6% compared to the state average of 6.2%. Hispanic individuals comprise 44.7% of the population. Exclusive breastfeeding at six months for infants enrolled in the WIC program in SW KS is 11.0% compared to the state average of 13.4%. Breastfeeding initiation in SW KS is 83.2% compared to the state and national averages of 88.7% and 84.1% respectively.

Breastfeeding support is not widely accessible to Latinx families in SW KS due to language and transportation barriers. Low population density requires many families to drive long distances for skilled lactation support not covered by Kansas Medicaid. Four large meat processing plants in SW KS draw immigrants seeking employment, often from countries where food is scarce. Ingrained fears of not being able to feed their children, combined with the challenges of milk expression while working in meat processing plants, leads families to turn to free formula from WIC and while in the hospital after birth. Others avoid accessing public health programs, including Medicaid and WIC, for fear of being denied citizenship due to the "public charge" rule. Lactancia Latina En El Suroeste de Kansas (LLSWKS) is committed to addressing equity and implementing activities co-created by the community focusing on inequities identified by this assessment.



¹ https://censusreporter.org/profiles/79500US2001200-southwest-kansas-dodge-city-garden-city-liberal-city-puma-ks/

² Kansas Annual Summary of Vital Statistics, 2019

³ Kansas Annual Summary of Vital Statistics, 2019, available at https://www.kdheks.gov/phi/as/2019 Annual Summary.pdf, accessed February 27, 2021.

⁴ National Immunization Survey, 2017 births, available at https://www.cdc.gov/breastfeeding/data/nis_data/results.html, accessed February 27, 2021

Project Partners

- LLSWKS coordinator, Carmen Valverde, oversaw the project and facilitated collaboration among partners. Carmen is a certified doula, Breastfeeding USA peer counselor, and is working toward her Certified Lactation Counselor (CLC) credential. Carmen has successfully completed two other breastfeeding projects in SW KS.
- KBC Co-Executive Director Brenda Bandy, IBCLC, supported Carmen. Brenda has
 experience conducting community breastfeeding needs assessments and is a
 member of the USBC Continuity of Care for Breastfeeding Constellation.
- Dr. Sarah Jolley with Wichita State University's Community Engagement Institute
 assisted in the survey/interview design and data analysis for the final community
 needs assessment report. She has experience co-creating surveys with community
 members and working with the KBC on other breastfeeding needs assessments. Dr.
 Jolley is the current Past-Chair of the KBC Board of Directors.
- Scott Kedrowski, Special Initiatives Director for Russell Child Development Center, attended NACCHO-facilitated meetings, provided breast pump loaner program details, and attended collaboration meetings.
- Staff at local WIC agencies promoted surveys to families, recruited individuals for audio/video story collection, and attended collaboration meetings.

Key Findings

Across all of the methods utilized in this project – surveys, interviews, partner assessments, and hospital assessments – key findings included:

- Most women want to breastfeed. Even those who plan to use formula also want to breastfeed. Breastfeeding families should be supported in meeting their breastfeeding goals and addressing any challenges they encounter along the way.
- Education is important in the decision to breastfeed, and professionals appear
 to be the top sources for education. Making sure women are educated about the
 health benefits of breastfeeding both for their baby and for them can impact their
 decision to breastfeed. About half of the women who took the survey reported
 receiving breastfeeding education before giving birth, which suggests a possible
 opportunity related to prenatal breastfeeding education.
- In addition to education, support is also important, and while professionals play a role here, non-professionals tend to be the top sources for support. There are many opportunities mentioned throughout this report for improving access to support, including: improving access and increasing referrals to culturally competent support groups and providers, providing support in the hospital setting after baby is born, and finding ways to meet families in their homes where they are most comfortable. One of the biggest barriers in accessing support was child care for other children, so this is important to keep in mind as well.

Section 1: Surveys

A breastfeeding survey was developed based on NACCHO's Breastfeeding Assessment for Families. (See the Appendix for a copy of the survey instrument.) Surveys were available in English and Spanish and were collected online and in person at events in Dodge City (Ford County), Garden City (Finney County), and Liberal (Seward County). A total of 50 surveys were completed in full with 5 additional surveys at varying levels of completion. Of these surveys, 35 were completed in English (with 2 additional incomplete surveys), and 15 were completed in Spanish (with 3 additional incomplete surveys).

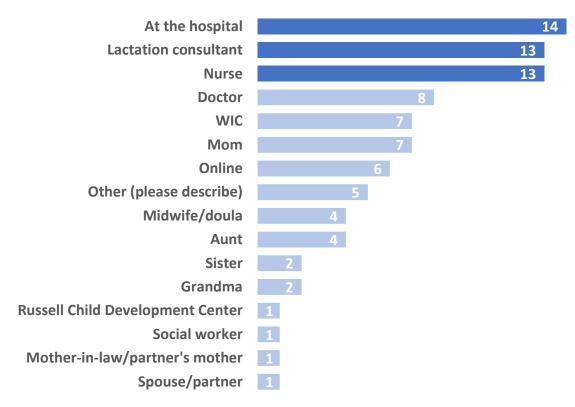


Banner used to promote survey at outdoor events

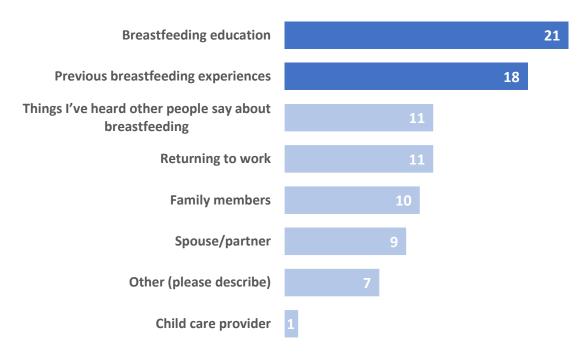
When asked if they had plans to breastfeed before they gave birth, 91% of the women who took the survey said they did plan to breastfeed (50 out of 55). When asked the same question about using formula or other supplementation, only 20% said they planned to use formula (11 out of 54), and of those who planned to use formula, the majority said they also planned to breastfeed (8 out of 11). **Among those who completed the survey, breastfeeding was the preferred method for feeding their babies.**

About half of the women who took the survey (27 out of 55) indicated they had received breastfeeding education before they gave birth. Those who indicated they had received breastfeeding education were then asked where and/or from whom they received this education. The top three sources for breastfeeding education were: at the hospital, from

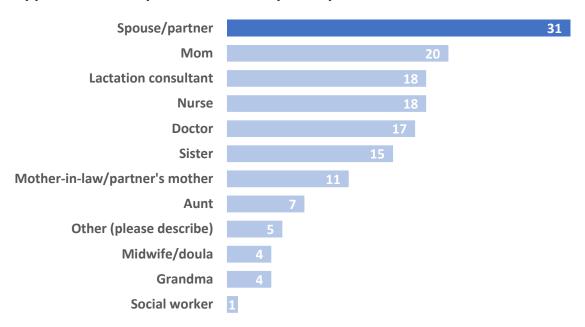
a lactation consultant, and/or from a nurse. **Breastfeeding education appears to most commonly come from professionals/professional sources.**



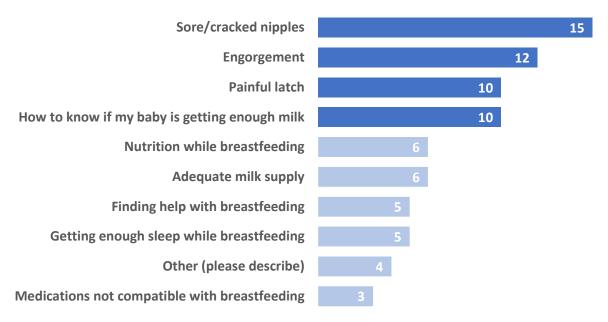
When asked what affected their decision about breastfeeding, breastfeeding education and previous breastfeeding experiences were the top responses.



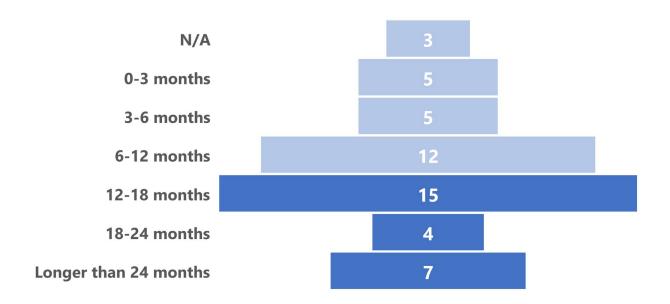
The majority of participants (92%) reported that their spouse/partner was somewhat or very supportive of their decision to breastfeed. When asked if they received support while they were breastfeeding, 83% indicated they did. While the top sources for breastfeeding education were professionals, the top sources for breastfeeding support were non-professionals – spouse/partner and mom.



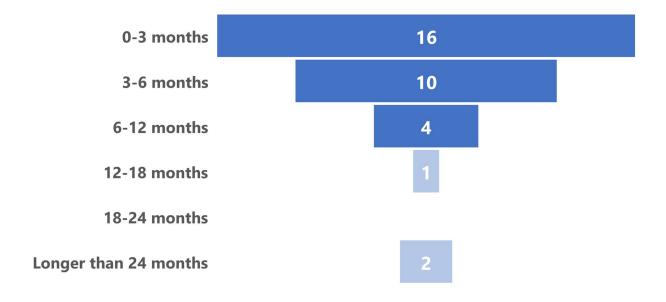
Participants were asked if they had a plan to continue breastfeeding after returning to work or school, nearly three-fourths (73%) said they did have a plan to continue with breastfeeding. When asked if they had any concerns about and/or problems with breastfeeding, 22 of the 51 women (43%) said they did. The top concerns/problems were sore/cracked nipples and engorgement.



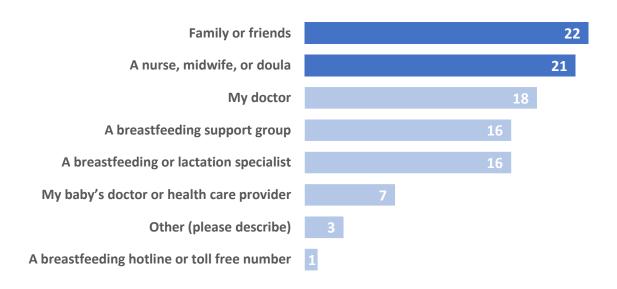
When asked how long they planned to breastfeed, about half indicated they planned to breastfeed for at least a year.



After asking how long they planned to breastfeed, participants were then asked if they used formula or other supplementation, and if so, at what age they introduced formula or other supplementation. Nearly two-thirds (65%) indicated they did use formula or other supplementation, with about half of those starting within the first three months of their baby's life and more than 90% starting within the first year.

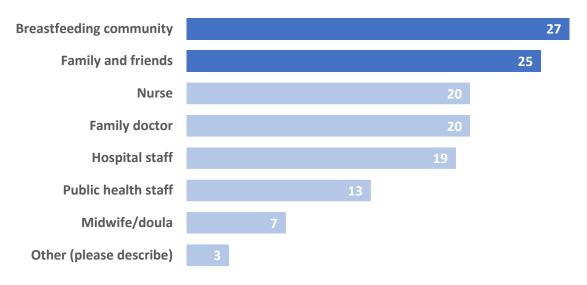


In addition to being asked about breastfeeding education before giving birth, participants were also asked from what sources they received information about breastfeeding, either before or after their baby was born. When it came to breastfeeding information, the top choices included family and friends or a nurse, midwife, or doula.

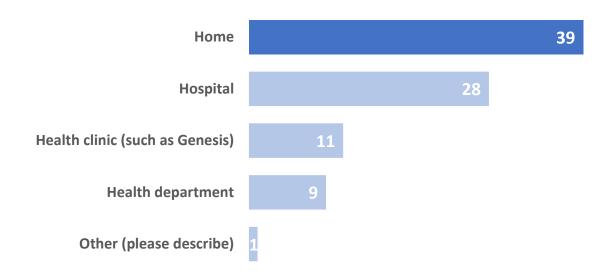


Participants were asked a number of questions about breastfeeding support – from whom they would like to receive support, where they would be most comfortable receiving support, when they would like to receive support, how they would like to receive support, and what might make it difficult to access support.

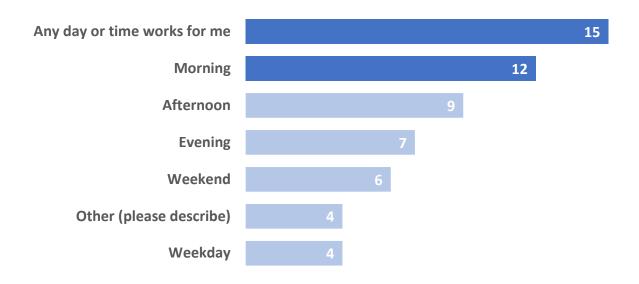
<u>From whom</u>: Participants were most interested in receiving support from the breastfeeding community and from family and friends.



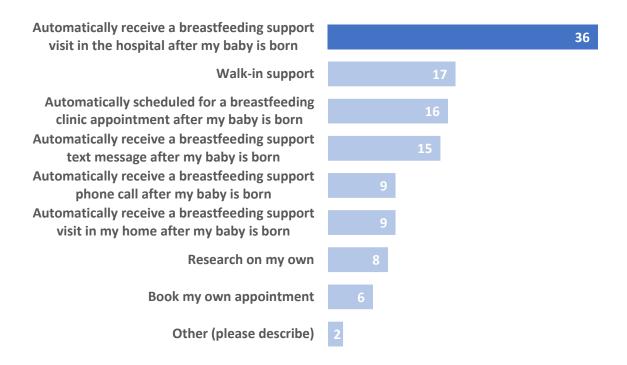
Where: Participants would be most comfortable receiving support at home.



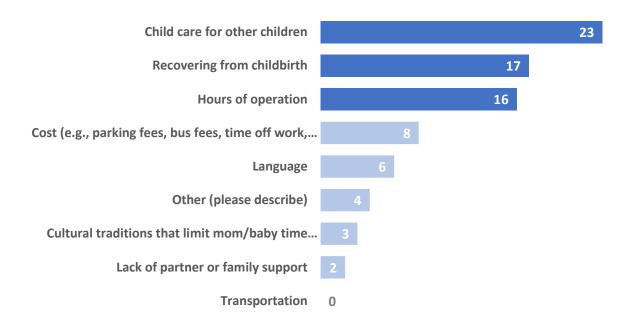
<u>When</u>: Participants had a variety of times available to receive support.



<u>How</u>: When asked how they would like to receive breastfeeding support, participants' top choice was to automatically receive a breastfeeding support visit in the hospital after their baby is born.



<u>Difficulty</u>: The main difficulty in accessing breastfeeding support was finding child care for other children followed by recovery from child birth and hours of operation.



Section 2: Interviews

In addition to the surveys that were collected, six interviews were completed. Five women and one man completed an interview. (The interview guide can be found in the Appendix.) Interviews were conducted in the home by a trusted member of the community. Individuals were asked about their decision on how to feed their baby and what pressure, if any, they felt to feed their baby a certain way and/or what might have influenced their decision on how to feed their baby. They were also asked to describe their experiences feeding their baby, any changes that have occurred over time as they have been feeding their baby, and if they had it to do again, what they would want to change versus stay the same with their experiences feeding their baby.

Most of the participants indicated that they did not really feel a lot of pressure to feed their baby a certain way, though two women mentioned something about others telling them that breastmilk was not enough for their baby. When they talked about what influenced their decision, many of them talked about knowing the health benefits and nutritional value of breastmilk and breastfeeding; knowing that breastfeeding is best for both baby and mom was an influence on their decision to breastfeed.

When asked about their experiences, all of them mentioned encountering some sort of challenge during their breastfeeding experience – latch, milk supply, nipple pain. Some said they wished they had breastfed longer and/or asked for help sooner. One person mentioned wanting to see more help offered at the hospital.

Thinking about what was learned through the surveys and the interviews, key opportunities include making sure women are educated about the health benefits of breastfeeding – both for their baby and for them – and to make sure that women are aware of common challenges that are experienced during breastfeeding so that if they experience those challenges, they know they are not alone and that support is available to help them address those challenges and meet their breastfeeding goals.

Section 3: Partner Assessments

Four key partners completed NACCHO's Partner Assessment: Organizational Assessment for Health Centers, Health Departments, and Clinics. These were completed and submitted via email. All four partners reported having an infant feeding policy to emphasize their organization's support of breastfeeding for both employees and clients, within both federal and state standards (break time, location). All of them have a private space for mothers to breastfeed/pump if desired, and breastfeeding education/training is provided consistently at each of the key partner organizations. They are all aware of available prenatal/postpartum breastfeeding

support (classes, providers, support groups, etc.) in the community and also report being aware of clients' barriers to accessing services (e.g., language, cost, location).

Key partners appear to be careful about their relationship with formula/baby food companies. None of them accept or display giveaways/freebies from formula or baby food companies (e.g., note pads, pens), offer educational materials for prenatal/postpartum families sponsored by formula companies, offer free formula samples and/or gift packs for prenatal and breastfeeding families, or allow formula/baby food representatives to offer educational sessions to any of their staff.

The Partner Assessment also includes a list of 21 breastfeeding support items for organizations to indicate which they provide consistently to their clients. All of the partners reported providing the following consistently:

- · Address breastfeeding concerns in all postpartum and pediatric visits;
- Adequate time and space for breastfeeding counseling in private, comfortable setting;
- Breast pump (or access) with instructions as needed; and
- Nipple shields and other breastfeeding supplies as needed.

These items can be seen as strengths in helping women identify breastfeeding concerns and possibly meet some of the immediate challenges they may be facing.

None of them reported providing:

- Infant feeding assessment for infants within 48 hours of hospital discharge;
- Triage system for breastfeeding concerns within organization for rapid referral; and
- Breastfeeding support groups frequently and consistently.

These three items suggest that partners could look for additional opportunities to promote and refer breastfeeding families to additional resources in the community, particularly since they all reported being aware of available prenatal/postpartum breastfeeding support options in the community.

In addition, none of them prescribe donor milk for medical supplementation. None of them report having an electronic health record (EHR) that tracks breast exams or has links to the mother/baby charts for interdepartmental needs. These items are more technical in nature, but still may provide possible areas for improvement.

Section 4: Hospital Assessments

Three hospitals representing three different counties in the region – Finney, Ford, and Seward – completed a Post-Discharge Care Assessment. (See Appendix for a copy of the assessment.) The assessment includes 21 items, and the hospitals could indicate which of the items on the list they consistently provide to their patients.

All three of the hospitals reported consistently providing the following for their patients:

- Referral to community-based breastfeeding support (non-clinical);
- Adequate time and space for breastfeeding counseling in private, comfortable setting;
- Provided if needed breast pump, nipple shields, and/or supplemental nursing system;
- Phone number the family can call for breastfeeding support; and
- Resource guide with a list of community breastfeeding support services.

Three of the five items involve referrals to other places to access needed breastfeeding support. These items can be seen as strengths in supporting breastfeeding families in southwest Kansas.

None of hospitals reported referring to culturally competent breastfeeding support groups frequently and consistently or providing home visits by a trained lactation support provider. Given the diversity of the population in southwest Kansas, culturally competent support is undoubtedly important for breastfeeding families in this part of the state. Also, as the survey data suggest, women are most comfortable receiving breastfeeding support at home, so home visits from trained lactation support providers would be beneficial to offer.

While some of the hospitals report addressing breastfeeding concerns during the maternal postpartum visit, none report addressing these concerns during well-child visits. This might be because these facilities do not conduct well-child visits; however, both maternal postpartum and well-child visits provide an opportunity to follow up with breastfeeding families on any concerns they may have or challenges they may be experiencing.

Breastfeeding Report Card Analysis

The Breastfeeding Report Card for Southwest Kansas shows peer and clinical lactation support available in Southwest Kansas and systems-level support (child care, employers, public spaces). The only peer support available is the nine WIC Breastfeeding Peer Counselors, leaving non-WIC families to turn to the two regional Facebook Groups and one support group run by a private practice lactation consultant. At least half of the region's lactation support providers should be Latinx to provide culturally congruent care to the large Hispanic population in the region.

There are only three International Board Certified Lactation Consultants (IBCLCs) in the region – two in Garden City and one in Liberal. This region has only 1.28 IBCLCs per 1,000 live births compared to the state rate of 5.79. This region has a higher-than-average number of Certified Lactation Counselors (CLCs), 7.26/1,000 live births compared to the state rate of 4.35. This reflects the difficulty in obtaining the necessary clinical hours required to sit for the IBCLC exam in rural areas with few maternity care hospitals. (SW KS: 2,341 births/year/5 area hospitals = 468 births/year average in the region.) Opportunities are needed to obtain clinical hours required to become an IBCLC.

The systems-level breastfeeding support in SW KS is robust compared to the available peer and clinical support. Over 200 child care providers have completed a training to support the breastfeeding in the child care setting yet none have achieved the Breastfeeding Friendly Child Care Provider designation. Finney, Ford, and Seward counties have achieved the Community Supporting Breastfeeding designation from the KBC for their cross-sector approach to breastfeeding support. They have a combined number of 113 public establishments enrolled in the Breastfeeding Welcome Here (BWH) program, which identify public spaces welcoming of breastfeeding families. The remaining 16 counties have only 11 establishments enrolled in BWH. Finney, Ford, and Seward counties have 20 award-winning employers while the remaining 16 counties have only five.

Breastfeeding support in area hospitals varies. One hospital is a Baby-Friendly Hospital, and one is recognized as a <u>High 5 for Mom & Baby</u> facility. The remaining three hospitals are not recognized for their maternity care practices. These three hospitals could improve their in-patient breastfeeding support by becoming High 5 designated.

Finney, Ford, and Seward counties have resources and supports available for breastfeeding families in SW KS. Families outside of these counties travel great distances, sacrificing time and wages, to access breastfeeding support. Home visitors in the other 16 counties could be trained to provide basic breastfeeding support and to coordinate lactation care when needed.

This region has four large meat processing plants employing a high number of women of childbearing age. It is challenging for employees to express human milk in these plants due to the rigid work schedules. Most are unaware of their rights under the federal <u>Break Time for Nursing Mothers Act</u>. Most breastfeeding employees in these plants need information and support in Spanish. One plant has lactation "pods", but employees are generally not aware of these accommodations.

Appendix

Documents included:

- Community Survey instrument
- Community Interview instrument
- Hospital post-discharge care assessment instrument
- Breastfeeding Support in Southwest Kansas Directory (Spanish and English)
- Breastfeeding Report Card for Southwest Kansas
- Breastfeeding Friendly Environments in Southwest Kansas

KBC/NACCHO Breastfeeding Survey Draft Encuesta de Lactancia Materna de KBC / NACCHO

The Kansas Breastfeeding Coalition, Inc. (KBC) and Lactancia Latina En El Suroeste de Kansas (LLSWKS) are interested in learning more about breastfeeding in Latina/o and immigrant populations in southwest Kansas. The following survey is for women who have given birth in the last two years, regardless of whether they breastfed and/or for how long they breastfed.

Kansas Breastfeeding Coalition, Inc. (KBC) y Lactancia Latina En El Suroeste de Kansas (LLSWKS) están interesadas en aprender más sobre la lactancia materna en las poblaciones latinas e inmigrantes del suroeste de Kansas. La siguiente encuesta es para mujeres que han dado a luz en los últimos dos años, independientemente de si amamantaron y / o durante cuánto tiempo lo hicieron.

The survey is available in English and in Spanish and will take 10 to 15 minutes to complete. Your responses to the survey will be confidential and will only be reported in aggregate (i.e., only in combination with other responses). Your decision to participate is completely voluntary, and you may skip questions or stop the survey at any time. If you have any questions, please contact Carmen Valverde at lactancialatinakansas@gmail.com or (620) 253-7924. Thank you!

La encuesta está disponible en Inglés y en Español y tomará de 10 a 15 minutos para completarla. Sus respuestas a la encuesta serán confidenciales y sólo se informarán en conjunto (es decir, sólo en combinación con otras respuestas). Su decisión de participar es completamente voluntaria y puede omitir preguntas o detener la encuesta en cualquier momento. Si tiene alguna pregunta, comuníquese con Carmen Valverde en lactancialatinakansas@gmail.com o (620) 253-7924. ¡Gracias!

Breastfeeding Goals

Metas de la Lactancia Materna

1.	Did y	ou have plans to breastfeed before you gave birth? <mark>Usted tenía planes</mark>
	<mark>de an</mark>	namantar antes de dar a luz?
		Yes/ <mark>Si</mark>
		No/ <mark>No</mark>
		I was not sure/No estaba segura

2. Did you have plans to use formula or other supplementation (including infant teas or drinks) before you gave birth? ¿Tenía planes de usar fórmula

	<mark>u otro</mark>	os suplementos (incluyendo tés o bebidas para bebés) antes de dar a
	<mark>luz?</mark>	
		Yes/ <mark>Si</mark>
		No/ <mark>No</mark>
		I was not sure/ <mark>No estaba segura</mark>
3.	Did y	Recibióونار والمعالي والمواتية والمواتية والمواتية والمواتية والمواتية والمواتية والمواتية والمواتية والمواتية
	<mark>educ</mark> a	ación sobre la lactancia materna antes de dar a luz?
		Yes/ <mark>Si</mark>
		No/ <mark>No</mark>
	If YES	S: Where or from whom did you receive breastfeeding education?
	<mark>Dón</mark> خ	de o de quién recibió educación sobre la lactancia materna?
		Spous <mark>e/partner Cónyuge / Pareja</mark>
		Mom/ <mark>Madre</mark>
		Grandma/ <mark>Abuela</mark>
		Aunt/ <mark>Tia</mark>
		Sister/ Hermana
		Doctor/ Doctor
		Nurse/ Enfermera
		Social worker/ Trabajadora Social
		Midwife/doula Partera/Doula
		Lactation consultant Consultora de Lactancia
		At the hospital En el hospital
		Online En linea
		Russell Child Development Center Centro de Desarrollo Infantil Russell
		WIC/ WIC Other (please describe) Otro (por favor describa)
		care (pressed accessed)
4	\M/biol	b of the following offected your decision about brecetfooding? Cheek
4.		h of the following affected your decision about breastfeeding? Check at apply. <mark>¿Cuál de los siguientes afectó su decisión sobre la</mark>
		ncia? Marque todo lo que corresponda.
		Breastfeeding education Educación de Lactancia Materna
		Child care provider Proveedor de Cuidado de Niños
		Spouse/partner Cónyuge/Pareja
		Family members Miembros de la familia
		Previous breastfeeding experiences Previas experiencias de lactancia
	_	materna
		Returning to work Regresando al trabajo
		Things I've heard other people say about breastfeeding Cosas que he
		escuchado a otras personas decir de la lactancia materna
		Other (please describe) Otro (por favor describa)

5.	Su your spouse/partner supportive of your decision to breastfeed? الجادة Su
	cónyuge/pareja apoya su decisión de amamantar?
	□ Yes, very supportive <mark>Si, mucho apoyo</mark>
	 Yes, somewhat supportive Si, algo de apoyo
	 No, somewhat unsupportive No, algo de apoyo
	 No, very unsupportive, No muy poco apoyo
_	Bid a contract to the contract
ь.	Did you receive support while you were breastfeeding? ¿Recibió apoyo mientras estaba amamantando?
	□ Yes/Si
	□ No/No
	- 110,110
	If YES: Which of the following individuals provided you support? Check all
	that apply. ¿Cuál de las siguientes personas le brindó apoyo? Marque todo
	lo que corresponda.
	□ Spouse/partner <mark>Cónyuge/Pareja</mark>
	□ Mom/ <mark>Madre</mark>
	□ Grandma/ <mark>Abuela</mark>
	□ Aunt/ <mark>Tia</mark>
	□ Sister/H <mark>ermana</mark>
	□ Social worker/ <mark>Trabajadora Social</mark>
	□ Midwife/doula <mark>Partera/Doula</mark>
	□ Lactation consultant Consultora de Lactancia
	□ Nurse Enfermera
	□ Doctor Doctor
	 Other (please describe) Otro (por favor describa)
7.	Do/did you have a plan to continue breastfeeding after returning to work
•	and/or school? ¿Tenía o tiene un plan para continuar amamantando
	después de regresar al trabajo y / o la escuela?
	□ Yes/ <mark>Si</mark>
	□ No/ <mark>No</mark>
	□ I am not sure/ <mark>No estoy segura</mark>
	 I need more information to make a plan/Necesito mas informacion para
	hacer un plan
0	Do/did you have any concerns about as asablems with hypestfeeding?
ο.	Do/did you have any concerns about or problems with breastfeeding? ¿Tenía o tiene usted alguna preocupación o problema con la lactancia?
	□ Yes/Si
	□ No/No
	— · · · · ·

		<u> Տ:</u> Which of the following do you/did you have? Check all that apply. <mark>¿Cuál</mark>
	<mark>de los</mark>	siguientes tiene o tuvo? Marque todo lo que corresponda.
		Engorgement Pechos Hinchados/Congestión de Pecho
		Adequate milk supply Reserva de leche adecuada
		How to know if my baby is getting enough milk Cómo saber si mi bebé
		está tomando suficiente leche
		Sore/cracked nipples Pezones adoloridos / agrietados
		Nutrition while breastfeeding Nutrición durante la lactancia
		Getting enough sleep while breastfeeding Dormir lo suficiente durante la
		<mark>lactancia</mark>
		Medications not compatible with breastfeeding Medicamentos no
		compatibles con la lactancia
		Painful latch enganche/agarre doloroso
		Finding help with breastfeeding Encontrar ayuda con la lactancia
		Other (please describe) Otro (por favor describa)
9.		ong do/did you plan on breastfeeding? <mark>¿Cuánto tiempo planea/planeo</mark>
		nantar?
		N/A – I do not/did not plan on breastfeeding N / A - No planeé / no planeo
		<mark>amamantar</mark>
		0-3 months <mark>0-3 meses</mark>
		3-6 months <mark>3-6 meses</mark>
		6-12 months <mark>6-12 meses</mark>
		12-18 months <mark>12-18 meses</mark>
		18-24 months <mark>18-24 meses</mark>
		Longer than 24 months Mas de 24 meses
10		o you use formula or other supplementation (including infant teas or
		s)? ¿Usó / usa fórmula u otro suplemento (incluidos tés o bebidas
	•	bebés)?
		Yes/Si
		No/No
		S: At what age did you first introduce formula or other supplementation? ¿A
	•	dad introdujo por primera vez la fórmula u otro suplemento?
		0-3 months 0-3 meses
		3-6 months 3-6 meses
		6-12 months 6-12 meses
		12-18 months
		18-24 months 18-24 meses
		Longer than 24 months Mas de 24 meses Other (places describe) Otro (per favor describe)
		Other (please describe) Otro (por favor describa)

Breastfeeding Support and Education Apoyo y Educación Sobre la Lactancia Materna

11.		e or after your new baby was born, did you receive information about streeding from any of the following sources? Check all that apply.
		o después del nacimiento de su nuevo bebé, ¿recibió información
		e la lactancia materna de alguna de las siguientes fuentes? Marque
	todo l	<mark>lo que corresponda.</mark>
		My doctor/ Mi doctor
		,,,
		A breastfeeding or lactation specialist Un especialista en lactancia
		materna
		My baby's doctor or health care provider El doctor o el proveedor de
		atención médica de mi bebé
		A breastfeeding support group Un grupo de apoyo a la lactancia
		A breastfeeding hotline or toll free number Una línea directa de lactancia
		materna o un número gratuito
		Family or friends Famila o amigas
		Other (please specify) Otro (por favor describa)
42	Who i	would you like to receive brecetteeding our part from 2 Check all that
14		would you like to receive breastfeeding support from? Check all that . ¿De quién le gustaría recibir apoyo para la lactancia materna?
		ue todo lo que corresponda.
	Indi qu	Breastfeeding community Comunidad de Lactancia Materna
		Family and friends Familia y amigas
		Family doctor Doctor Familiar
		Hospital staff Personal del Hospital
		Midwife/doula Partera/Doula
		Public health staff Personal de Salud Pública
		Nurse Enfermera
		Other (please specify)Otro (por favor describa)
		(F. 11.1.)/(F. 11.1.)
13	.Wher	e are you most comfortable receiving breastfeeding support? Check
	all tha	at apply. ¿Dónde se siente más cómoda al recibir apoyo para la
	<mark>lactar</mark>	<mark>ncia? Marque todo lo que corresponda.</mark>
		Home <mark>En Casa</mark>
		Hospital En el Hospital
		Health department <mark>Departamento de Salud</mark>
		Health clinic (such as Genesis) Clinica de Salud (tal como Genesis)
	П	Other (please specify) Otro (por favor describa)

14.	When	would you like to receive breastfeeding support? Check all that
	apply.	ك <mark>Cuándo le gustaría recibir apoyo para la lactancia? Marque todo lo.</mark>
	<mark>que c</mark>	<mark>orresponda.</mark>
		Morning <mark>Mañana</mark>
		Afternoon Tarde
		Evening Atardecer
		Weekday Durante los días de la semana
		Weekend Fin de semana
		Any day or time works for me Cualquier dia o tiempo funciona para mi
15.	How v	would you like to access breastfeeding support? Check all that apply.
	<mark>Cómځ Cóm</mark>	o le gustaría acceder al apoyo para la lactancia materna? Marque
	<mark>todo l</mark>	<mark>o que corresponda.</mark>
		Automatically receive a breastfeeding support visit in the hospital after my
		baby is born Recibir automáticamente una visita de apoyo para la
		lactancia en el hospital después de que nazca mi bebé
		Automatically receive a breastfeeding support visit in my home after my
		baby is born Recibir automáticamente una visita de apoyo para la
		lactancia en mi casa después de que nazca mi bebé
		Automatically scheduled for a breastfeeding clinic appointment after my
		baby is born Programar automáticamente una cita en la clínica de
		lactancia después de que nazca mi bebé
		Automatically receive a breastfeeding support phone call after my baby is
		born Recibir automáticamente una llamada telefónica de apoyo para la
		lactancia después de que nazca mi bebé
		Automatically receive a breastfeeding support text message after my baby
	_	is born Recibir automáticamente un mensaje de texto de apoyo para la
		lactancia después de que nazca mi bebé
		Book my own appointment Reservar mi propia cita
		Research on my own Investigar por mi propia cuenta
		Walk-in support Apoyo sin cita
		Other (please specify) Otro (por favor describa)
16.	What	would make it difficult for you to access breastfeeding support?
		k all that apply. ¿Qué haría difícil que usted tuviera acceso al apoyo
		a lactancia? Marque todo lo que corresponda.
		Child care for other children Cuidado de ninos para mis otro ninos
		Cost (e.g., parking fees, bus fees, time off work, lost wages, etc.) Costo
		(por ejemplo, tarifas de estacionamiento, tarifas de autobús, tiempo libre
		en el trabajo, salarios perdidos, etc.)
		Hours of operation Horas de Operacion
		Lack of partner or family support Falta de apoyo de pareja o la familia.
		Language Lenguaje

	Transportation Transportación
	Cultural traditions that limit mom/baby time outside of the home
	Tradiciones culturales que limitan el tiempo de mamá / bebé fuera del
	<mark>hogar</mark>
	Other (please specify) Otro (por favor describa)
	many children under the age of two are you breastfeeding? Cuántos
niño:	s menores de dos años está amamantando?
	N/A – I am not currently breastfeeding any children under the age of two N
	/ A - Actualmente no estoy amamantando a ningún niño menor de dos
	<mark>años</mark>
	1
	3 or more <mark>3 o mas</mark>
18. How	old is your youngest child? ¿Qué edad tiene su hijo menor?
	h of the following statements are true for you? Check all that apply.
_	iles de las siguientes frases son verdaderas para usted? Marque todo
•	e corresponda.
	This is my first baby. Este es mi primer bebe
	I am under the age of 20. <mark>Soy menor de 20 años.</mark>
	I do not have a partner or support person. No tengo pareja ni persona de
	apoyo.
	<u> </u>
	el hospital.
	My annual household income is less than \$45,000. Mi ingreso familiar
	anual es menos de \$ 45,000.
	I am underweight or overweight. Tengo bajo peso o sobrepeso.
	My baby was born before 37 weeks gestation. Mi bebé nació antes de las
	37 semanas de gestación.
	I had a caesarean section (c-section). Tuve una cesárea.
	I suffered from anxiety or depression during my pregnancy. Sufrí de
	ansiedad o depresión durante mi embarazo.
	I used alcohol, tobacco, or other drugs during my pregnancy. Usé alcohol,
	I used alcohol, tobacco, or other drugs during my pregnancy. Usé alcohol, tabaco u otras drogas durante mi embarazo.

20. Which of the following best describes you? ¿Cuál de las siguientes la

describe mejor?

□ Recovering from childbirth Recuperación después del parto

		Hispanic or Latina Hispana o Latina
		White or Caucasian Blanca o Caucásica
		Black or African American Negra o Afroamericana
		Asian or Pacific Islander Isleña Asiática o del Pacífico
		Native American or Alaskan Native Nativo Americano o Nativo de Alaska
		A COLUMN TO THE TAX A COLU
		A race/ethnicity not listed here Una raza / etnicidad no enumerada aquí
04.1		
		re any other information you would like to share about your
		tfeeding experience? ¿Hay alguna otra información que le gustaría
CC		artir sobre su experiencia con la lactancia?
		Yes/ <mark>Si</mark>
		No/ <mark>No</mark>
IF	YE	S (Text box is made available so that they can type suggestions.)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
22. Aı in	yoı	nere any suggestions that you have to increase breastfeeding support ir community? ¿Tiene alguna sugestión para aumentar el apoyo de la
22. Aı in	yoı <mark>ctar</mark>	ur community? ¿Tiene alguna sugestión para aumentar el apoyo de la ocia materna en su comunidad?
22. Aı in	yoı <mark>ctar</mark> □	ur community? ¿Tiene alguna sugestión para aumentar el apoyo de la nocia materna en su comunidad? Yes/Si
22. Aı in <mark>la</mark>	you ctar	ur community? ¿Tiene alguna sugestión para aumentar el apoyo de la ocia materna en su comunidad?



FAMILY EXPERIENCES WITH CHEST/BREASTFEEDING (INTERVIEW QUESTIONS)

- 1. How did you and your partner decide how you were going to feed your baby? (breastmilk, formula, etc.)
 - ¿Cómo decidieron usted y su pareja cómo iban a alimentar a su bebé? (leche materna, fórmula, etc.)
- 2. Do you/did you feel pressure to feed your baby a certain way? If yes, where does/did that pressure come from?
 - ¿Siente o sentía la presión de alimentar a su bebé de cierta manera? Si es así, ¿de dónde viene esa presión?
- 3. What things can you think of that influenced your decision about how you were going to feed your baby?
 - ¿En que cosas puede pensar que influyeron su decisión sobre cómo iba alimentar a su bebé?
- 4. What have been your experiences with feeding your baby?
 - ¿Cuáles han sido sus experiencias alimentando a su bebé?
- 5. How has the feeding of your baby changed since the baby was born?
 - ¿Cómo ha cambiado la alimentación de su bebé desde que nació el bebé?
- 6. If you could go back in time, what would you want to change and what would you want to stay the same, regarding how you feed your baby?
 - Si pudiera retroceder el tiempo, ¿qué le gustaría cambiar y qué le gustaría que se quedara igual, con respecto a cómo alimenta a su bebé?

Hospital Post-Discharge Assessment instrument





POST-DISCHARGE CARE ASSESSMENT

Name of Entity:

Breastfeeding Specialist (CBS), IBCLC

Name of Individual Completing:	Date:					
Which of the following does your hospital or practice co	nsistently provide to your patients? Check all that apply.					
☐ Clinical breast exam to identify breastfeeding concerns	☐ Refer to culturally competent breastfeeding support groups frequently and consistently					
☐ Infant feeding assessment for infants within 48 hours of hospital discharge	☐ Formula samples and/or gift packs					
☐ Address breastfeeding concerns during:☐ Maternal postpartum visit☐ Well-child visits	□Provided if needed: □ Breast pump □ Nipple shields □ Supplemental Nursing System					
☐ Assessment of breastfeeding using pre- and post-feeding weights	☐ Other Breastfeeding supplies					
☐ Triage system for breastfeeding concerns within hospital or practice for rapid referral to a trained lactation support provider*	 □ Follow-up phone calls to check on breastfeeding □ Phone number the family can call for 					
☐ Walk-in breastfeeding support	breastfeeding support ☐ Available 24/7					
☐ Prompt access to in-house affordable, culturally competent lactation support provider*	□ Available in Spanish□ Available M-F, 8-5					
☐ Referral to affordable, culturally competent advanced clinical lactation support as needed,	☐ Home visits by a trained lactation support provider*					
such as physicians or nurses with breastfeeding medicine expertise or IBCLCs	☐ Virtual breastfeeding support (texting, telehealth options) by trained lactation support					
☐ Referral to community-based breastfeeding support (non-clinical)	provider* ☐ Resource guide with a list of community					
☐ Adequate time and space for breastfeeding counseling in private, comfortable setting	breastfeeding support services □ Ensure parent education materials are free of					
☐ Follow CDC guidelines on using World Health organization (WHO) growth charts for breastfed	commercial influence and no more than five years past the publication					
*trained lactation support provider – WIC Breastfeeding Peer Counselor, Certified Lactation Counselor (CLC), Certified	☐ Follow-up with parents to make sure they received the support they needed, after being given a referral for breastfeeding help					



SERVICIOS DE APOYO PARA LA LACTANCIA EN EL <u>Suroeste de Kansas</u>

Sirviendo a TODOS los 19 condados:

Modern Lactation, Janet Colson, IBCLC

Clases de Lactancia, Clínica de Lactancia, IBCLC, Apoyo en casa, Apoyo de Madre a Madre, Correo Electrónico: janet.colson@modernlactation.com http://www.modernlactation.com/

Telefono: 620-521-1546

Russell Child Development Center Divine Design Birth Services

Extractores de Leche; Apoyo en Casa Telefono: 620-275-0291 or 1-888-877-3717

Carmen Valverde, CLC Sirviendo el Suroeste de Kansas Compañera de Consejería de Lactancia, Apoyo en Casa https://divinedesignbirthservices.com/ Telefono: (620) 253-7924

Apoyo por Condado:

Condado de Clark:

Farmacia Clark Extractores de Leche www.clarkpharmacy.com Telefono: 620.855.2242

Condado de Finney:

Hospital St. Catherine Extractores de Leche; Clases de Lactancia, Clínica de Lactancia, Grupo de Apoyo Veronica Flores, RNC-OB, CLC, Educadora de Lactancia, bilingue en Ingles y Espanol Correo Electrónico: LactationServices@Centura.org Telefono: 620.272.2309

WIC del Suroeste de Kansas

Clínica de WIC con un companera de consejería de lactancia (IBCLC); extractores de leche

Correo Electrónico: jgoodman@finneycounty.org Telefono: 620.272.3615

https://www.finneycounty.org/153/Women-Infants-and-Children-Program-WIC

Condado de Ford:

Departamento de Salud de el Condado de Ford Clínica de WIC con un companera de consejería de lactancia http://www.fordcounty.net/Health/

Telefono: (620) 227-4545

Medical Heights Medical Clinic Práctica que apoya la lactancia http://medicalheightsdc.net Telefono: 620-227-3141

Western Plains Medical Complex

Clínica de Lactancia Lunes & Jueves empezando a las 9am Grupo de Apoyo para la Lactancia, Juntas el primer Jueves a las 5:30 a través de un negocio pequeño en la comunidad, Para mas información hable a. Kelsie Smith, RN, CLC Ashley Smith. RN. CLC (620) 518-2726

http://www.westernplainsmc.com/ Telefono: 620-225-8400

Condado de Grant:

Departamento de Salud del Condado de Grant Clínica de WIC; extractores de leche, apoyo en casa http://www.grantcoks.org/index.aspx?nid=133

Telefono: 620.356.1545

Condado de Gray:

Departamento de Salud del Condado de Gray Clínica de WIC; extractores de leche, apoyo en casa www.grayco.org

Telefono: 620.855.2424

Condado de Hodgeman:

Departamento de Salud del Condado de Hodgeman Clinica de WIC http://www.hgcohealthdept.com/ Telefono: (620) 357-6236

O'Shea Memorial Clinic (Clínica de Salud del Condado Hodgeman) Práctica que apoya la lactancia http://www.hchconline.org/index.php/osheamemorial-clinic/ Telefono: (620) 357-8354

Condado de Meade:

Departamento de Salud del Condado de Meade Clínica de WIC con una compañera de consejería de lactancia

http://meadecohealth.com/ Telefono: (620) 873-8745

Condado de Seward:

Departamento de Salud del Condado de Seward Clínica de WIC con una compañera de consejería de lactancia, Yolanda Erives; extractores de leche, clases de lactancia, apoyo en casa

https://www.sewardcountyks.org/104/Health

Telefono: 620-626-3262 Fax: 620-626-5340

Southwest Medical Center

Extractores de Leche; Clases de Lactancia; Apoyo en Casa

www.swmedcenter.com Telefono: 620-624-1651

Condado de Stevens:

Departamento de Salud del Condado de Stevens Clínica de WIC con una compañera de consejería de lactancia

Telefono: (620) 544-7188

Breastfeeding Support Services in Southwest Kansas

Serving ALL 19 counties:

Divine Design Birth Services Carmen Valverde, CLC Serving Southwestern Kansas Breastfeeding Peer Counseling, In-home support

https://divinedesignbirthservices.com/

Phone: (620) 253-7924

Modern Lactation, Janet Colson, IBCLC

Breastfeeding Classes, Breastfeeding Clinic, IBCLC, In-home support, Mother to Mother Support,

Email: janet.colson@modernlactation.com

http://www.modernlactation.com/

Phone: 620-521-1546

Russell Child Development Center Breast Pumps; In-home support

Phone: 620-275-0291 or 1-888-877-3717

Clark County:

Clark Pharmacy Breast Pumps

www.clarkpharmacy.com Phone: 620.855.2242

Finney County:

St. Catherine Hospital

Breast Pumps; Breastfeeding Classes, Breastfeeding Clinic, Support Group Veronica Flores, RNC-OB, CLC, Breastfeeding Educator, bilingual English and Spanish speaking Email: <u>LactationServices@Centura.org</u>

Phone: 620.272.2309

Southwest Kansas WIC

WIC Clinic with Breastfeeding Peer Counselor (IBCLC); breast pumps

Email: jgoodman@finneycounty.org

Phone: 620.272.3615

https://www.finneycounty.org/153/Women-Infants-and-Children-Program-WIC

Ford County:

Ford County Health Department
WIC Clinic with Breastfeeding Peer Counselor
http://www.fordcounty.net/Health/

Phone: (620) 227-4545

Medical Heights Medical Clinic

Breastfeeding Friendly Practice

http://medicalheightsdc.net

Phone: 620-227-3141

Western Plains Medical Complex

Breastfeeding Clinic Mondays & Thursdays beginning at 9am

Breastfeeding Support Group, meeting 1st Thursday @5:30 at small businesses throughout the community, call for information. Kelsie Smith, RN, CLC Ashley Smith, RN, CLC (620) 518-2726

http://www.westernplainsmc.com/

Phone: 620-225-8400

Grant County:

Grant County Health Department

WIC Clinic; breast pumps, in-home support http://www.grantcoks.org/index.aspx?nid=133

Phone: 620.356.1545

Gray County:

Gray County Health Department WIC Clinic, Breast Pumps, In-home support

www.grayco.org Phone: 620.855.2424

Hodgeman County:

Hodgeman County Health Department WIC Clinic

http://www.hgcohealthdept.com/

Phone: (620) 357-6236

O'Shea Memorial Clinic (Hodgeman County Health Clinic)

Breastfeeding Friendly Practice

http://www.hchconline.org/index.php/oshea-memorial-clinic/

Phone: (620) 357-8354

Meade County:

Meade County Health Department
WIC Clinic with Breastfeeding Peer Counselor
http://meadecohealth.com/

Phone: (620) 873-8745

Seward County:

Seward County Health Department

WIC Clinic with Breastfeeding Peer Counselor, Yolanda Erives; breast pumps, breastfeeding classes, inhome support

https://www.sewardcountyks.org/104/Health

Phone: 620-626-3262 Fax: 620-626-5340

Southwest Medical Center Breast Pumps; Breastfeeding Classes; In-home support

www.swmedcenter.com Phone: 620-624-1651

Stevens County:

Stevens County Health Department
WIC Clinic with Breastfeeding Peer Counselor

Phone: (620) 544-7188

Breastfeeding Report Card for Southwest Kansas

	Population Data			Peer Support			Clinical Support				Systems Support						Outcome Measures			
	2019	# of Live Births	WIC	La Leche	Other Support	Walk-in Clinic		# of IBCLCs per 1,000		# of CLCs per 1,000	Coalition		_	Breastfeeding Friendly Physicians Practice (5*, 4*, 3*,	Hospital	# Breastfeeding Welcome Here	# Employers with "Breastfeeding Employee Support	Community Supporting Breastfeeding	2019 Breastfeeding	2020 WIC Exclusive Breastfeeding
County	Population	(2019)	Peer Counselor	League	Group	(H/HD/Other)	# IBCLC	births	# CLC	births	(L/R)	Training	Care Provider	DIP)	Designation	Establishments	Award"	Designation	Initiation %	through 6 mos.
Clark	1,994	28	Y (from Meade)					0.00	1	35.71	R	0				1	0		89.3	0.00%
Finney	36,467	576	Υ	HD/	private pra	Н	3	5.21	9	15.63	L,R	37			BF	32	10	Х	87.2	8.57%
Ford	33,619	628	Υ		FB, H	Н	0	0.00	1	1.59	L,R	31		1 (4*)		31	7	Х	80.0	10.11%
Grant	7,150	106						0.00	0	0.00	R	5				1	0		84.8	7.41%
Gray	5,988	81	Y (from Meade)					0.00	1	12.35	R	3				2	0		90.1	26.09%
Greeley	1,232	18	Υ					0.00	0	0.00	R	1				1	1		88.9	33.33%
Hamilton	2,539	41						0.00	1	24.39		5				0	0		87.8	No clinic
Haskell	3,968	67						0.00	0	0.00	R	6				1	0		91.0	17.65%
Hodgeman	1,794	15	Y (from Meade)					0.00	0	0.00		3		1 (4*)		1	2		80.0	14.29%
Kearny	3,838	61			FB			0.00	4	65.57	R	6			H5	1	1		90.2	No clinic
Lane	1,535	7						0.00	0	0.00		1				0	0		100.0	0.00%
Meade	4,033	61	Υ					0.00	0	0.00	R	0				0	0		88.3	18.52%
Morton	2,587	53						0.00	0	0.00	R	0				0	1		84.9	No clinic
Ness	2,750	28						0.00	0	0.00	R	6				0	0		85.7	11.11%
Scott	4,823	75						0.00	0	0.00		5				0	0		92.0	33.33%
Seward	21,428	387	Υ				0	0.00	0	0.00	L,R	86		2 (3*)		50	3	X	73.6	9.16%
Stanton	2,006	23						0.00	0	0.00		0				2	0		73.9	11.11%
Stevens	5,485	59	Υ					0.00	0	0.00		1				1	0		81.0	17.78%
Wichita	2,119	27						0.00	0	0.00	R	4				0	0		100.0	42.86%
SW KS Region	145,355	2,341	9	0			3	1.28	17	7.26		200	0	4	1 H5, 1 BF	124	25	3	83.20%	10.96%

Breastfeeding Friendly Environments in Southwest Kansas

County	Award-winning Employers (25)	Hospitals (2)	Breastfeeding Friendly	Breastfeeding Welcome Here Establishments
Clark			Physicians Practices (4)	(127) Little Sprouts Daycare, Ashland
Finney*	 City of Garden City (Gold level) The Corner On Main (Bronze level) Finney County (Silver level) Finney County Health Department (Gold level) Genesis Family Health (Bronze level) Golden Plains Credit Union, Inc. (Gold level) Russell Child Development Center (Silver level) Saint Catherine Hospital (Gold level) Shear Style (Silver level) Strecker Family Chiropractic (Silver level) 	Saint Catherine's Hospital, Garden City (Baby- Friendly)		 Angie's Angels, Garden City Blue Fox Boutique, Garden City Burfialoes Sports Bar & Grill, Garden City Burtis Motor Company, Garden City Community Daycare Center, Garden City (2 locations) The Corner on Main, Garden City Davis Designs Home Decor Boutique, Garden City El Conquistador, Garden City The Family Bookhouse, Garden City Finney County Health Department, Garden City Flourish Herbals & Aromatherapy/ Modern Lactation, Garden City Garden City Family YMCA, Garden City Genesis Family Health, Garden City Golden Plains Credit Union, Garden City (2 locations) Hard at Play, Garden City Hopkins, Hopkins & Ackerman Optometrists L.L.C., Garden City La Villa Salon, Garden City Las Margaritas, Garden City Livewell Finney County Neighborhood Learning Center, Garden City Nature's Way Health Food Store, Garden City Nature's Way Health Food Store, Garden City Neuman/Harris Chiropractic, Garden City Russell Child Development Center, Garden City Shear Style Salon, Garden City

	 Arrowhead West (Bronze level) City of Dodge City (Bronze level) Dodge City Community College (Silver level) Dodge City Public Library (Bronze level) 	Medical Heights Medical Center, Dodge City (4-star)	 St. Dominic Catholic Church, Garden City Steps Dance School, Garden City Steps Dance School 2, Garden Strecker Family Chiropractic, Garden City Tequila's Mexican Grill, Inc., Garden City Tranquility Salon & Spa, Garden City Advance Auto Parts, Dodge City City of Dodge City, Dodge City Corky's Auto Repair, Dodge City Dodge City Chiropractic, Dodge City
	Ford County (Gold level)Ford County Health Department (Gold level)		Dodge City Family YMCA, Dodge CityFamily Care Clinic of Western Kansas,
	Western Plains Medical Complex (Silver		Dodge City
	level)		Family Practice Associates of Western Kansas, Dodge City Finds an China greatic Dodge City The Company of the Company o
			Fischer Chiropractic, Dodge CityFord County Health Department, Dodge
			City
			G & C Insurance and Income Tax Services, Dodge City
Ford*			Gibson's Pharmacy of Dodge City, Dodge City
			Harlow Hair Parlor, Dodge City
			High Quality Mobile Service, Dodge CityKate's, Dodge City
			Medical Heights Medical Center, Dodge
			City
			Nobilitea, Dodge City
			North Dodge Pizza Hut, Dodge City Dodge Mymby's Dodge City
			Papa Murphy's, Dodge CityPrime on the Nine, Dodge City
			Quint Chiropractic, Dodge City
			Red Beard Coffee, Dodge City
			RE/MAX Villa, Dodge City
			Renew Salon, Dodge City
			Salon Exotica, Dodge City
			Walmart Supercenter, Dodge City

				 Western Plains Medical Complex, Dodge City Western Plains Medical Complex Occupational Health Clinic, Dodge Western Plains Outpatient Therapy, Dodge City Western Plains Orthopedic Associates, Dodge City Western Plains Pediatric Associates Western Plains Specialty Associates, Dodge City 	
Grant				Grant County Health Department, Ulysses	
Gray				 Gray County Health Department, Cimarron Western Plains Primary Care, Cimarron	
Greeley	Greeley County Health Department, Tribune (Silver level)			Greeley County Health Department, Tribune	
Hamilton					
Haskell				Haskell County Health Department, Sublette	
Hodgeman	 Hanston State Bank, Hanston (Bronze level) Hodgeman County Health Center, Jetmore (Gold level) 		Hodgeman County Health Clinic, Jetmore (4-star)	Hodgeman County Health Clinic, Jetmore	
Kearny	Kearny County Hospital, Lakin (Gold level)	Kearny County Hospital, Lakin (<u>High 5 for Mom</u> & Baby)		Kearny County Hospital, Lakin	
Lane					
Meade					
Morton	Morton County, Elkhart (Silver level)				
Ness					
Scott					
Seward*	 Kansas Children's Service League of Liberal (Bronze level) Seward County Health Department (Silver level) 		15th Street Family Care Center, Liberal (3-star)	 Allied Health Division, Liberal Baker Arts Center, Liberal Buckle, Liberal Carlos Boots, Liberal 	

Spalon (Bronze level)		Conestogal Crystal Nation Doctors of Dr. Sharon Edge Hair Family M First Unite Fresenius Giggles ar Good Sam Hay Rice 8 High Plain JCPenney Jury, Farra K-lle 8th F Kansas Ch KSCB Radi KSMM La The Last T Liberal Fa Liberal MacArthu Nature's C Obgyn Ass Payless Sh Pure Bliss St. Anthor Sally Beau Seward Co Programs Southwes Southwes Southwes	alt Learning Center, Liberal a Energy Partners, Liberal ils, Liberal f Optometry, Liberal a Mitchell Medical Clinic, Liberal studio, Liberal edicine, Liberal edicine, Liberal d Methodist Church, Liberal Medical Care, Liberal d Grins Day Care, Liberal aritan, a Associates, Liberal s Pizza, Liberal Liberal ar, and Associates, Liberal epair, Liberal ildren Service League, Inc, Liberal o News, Liberal mily Chiropractic, Liberal emorial Library, Liberal emorial Library, Liberal beral r Elementary, Liberal cupboard, Liberal sociates, Liberal sociates, Liberal cociates, Liberal cociates, Liberal sociates, Liberal cociates, Liberal cociates, Liberal sociates, Liberal sociates, Liberal cociates, Liberal cociates, Liberal sociates, Liberal cociates, Liberal
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	 Spalon and Flowers by Girlfriends, Liberal SPP Family Medicine, Liberal State Farm – Roger Crossman, Liberal State Farm, Liberal SWPP Internal Medicine, Liberal Tri-State Casing Service, Inc., Liberal Tuyet and Thuy's Beautiful Nail Spa and Hair Salon, Liberal Wheatridge, Liberal Yess Boutique, Liberal
Stanton	 Stanton County Health Department, Johnson City Eagle Travel Stop, Johnson City
Stevens	Stevens County Health Department, Hugoton
Wichita	

^{*} Community Supporting Breastfeeding (3)

From Kansas Breastfeeding Coalition website https://ksbreastfeeding.org/